

## 1. Equations of motion

- (i) Derive the Euler-Lagrange equations of motion by varying the fields in

$$L = \frac{1}{2}\dot{x}^2 + i\bar{\psi}\dot{\psi} - \frac{1}{2}(W')^2 + \bar{\psi}\psi W''.$$

Vary the fields in the usual way,

$$x \rightarrow x + \delta x \quad \psi \rightarrow \psi + \delta\psi \quad \bar{\psi} \rightarrow \bar{\psi} + \delta\bar{\psi},$$

but remember that  $\psi$ ,  $\delta\psi$ ,  $\bar{\psi}$ ,  $\delta\bar{\psi}$  all anticommute.

- (ii) Use the (anti-) commutation relations

$$i[p, x] = 1 \quad \{\psi, \bar{\psi}\} = 1$$

to derive the Heisenberg equations of motion for the Hamiltonian

$$H = \frac{1}{2}p^2 + \frac{1}{2}(W')^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{\psi}\psi - \psi\bar{\psi})W''.$$

Assuming your results match with part (i), this shows we quantized our fermions correctly.

## 2. Supercharges from Noether's theorem

- (i) Show that the Lagrangian

$$L = \frac{1}{2}\dot{x}^2 + i\bar{\psi}\dot{\psi} - \frac{1}{2}(W')^2 + \bar{\psi}\psi W''$$

changes by a total time derivative under

$$\begin{aligned}\delta x &= \xi\psi + \bar{\psi}\bar{\xi} \\ \delta\psi &= -i\bar{\xi}(\dot{x} + iW') \\ \delta\bar{\psi} &= i\xi(\dot{x} - iW')\end{aligned}$$

- (ii) Use Noether's theorem to find the conserved charges  $Q$ ,  $\bar{Q}$  associated with this symmetry.

### 3. Component expansion of the action

Work out the expansion of the action

$$S = \int dt d^2\theta \left( -\frac{1}{2} \bar{D}F D F - W(F) \right)$$

in terms of the component fields  $x, \psi, \bar{\psi}, d$ .